

AS HISTORY

The English Revolution, 1625–1660 Component 2E The origins of the English Civil War, 1625–1642

Monday 20 May 2024 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

• an AQA 16-page answer book.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The Paper Reference is 7041/2E.
- Answer **two** questions.
 - In Section A answer Question 01.

In Section B answer either Question 02 or Question 03.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 50.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Advice

- You are advised to spend about:
 - 50 minutes on Section A
 - 40 minutes on Section B.

Section A

Answer Question 01.

Source A

From a book about the religious changes he had made by William Laud, 1639. This book was dedicated to Charles I, by whose authority Laud held office.

Nothing has made men more wavering in their approach to religion than the lack of uniform and decent order in many of the churches across this kingdom. It is true that the inward worship of the heart is a great worship of God, but the external worship of God in His Church is the better witness to the world of our worship. To be clear with Your Majesty, it is these thoughts that have made me work for the decency and ordered settlement of the external worship of God in your churches. Uniformity cannot be achieved without some ceremonies, and the more ancient the ceremonies the better. Ceremonies are the fence that protects the dignity of religion.

Source B

From a speech in the House of Commons by the Puritan, Harbottle Grimston, 1640. Grimston is commenting on William Laud's role as Archbishop of Canterbury, 1633–1640.

Look upon the Archbishop of Canterbury: Laud is the source of all the filth that has infected the State and the Church. He is the man, the only man, who has lifted up and promoted all those who, along with himself, have caused all the misery we now groan under. Who is it, but he only, who has brought Strafford to carry out his wicked and bloody designs in these Kingdoms? Who is it, but he only, who has promoted all popish bishops? The zeal of these bishops has been to persecute the Church. Who is it, but Archbishop Laud, who has guided these bishops and set them on this kingdom these last ten years?

With reference to these sources and your understanding of the historical context, which of these two sources is more valuable in explaining the impact of William Laud as Archbishop of Canterbury in the years 1633 to 1640?

[25 marks]

5

Section B

Answer either Question 02 or Question 03.

Either

6 (Foreign policy was the main cause of conflict between Crown and Parliament in the years 1625 to 1629.)

Explain why you agree or disagree with this view.

[25 marks]

or

0 3 'Pym was more responsible than Charles I for the development of a royalist party in England in the years 1640 to 1642.'

Explain why you agree or disagree with this view.

[25 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS

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There are no questions printed on this page

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